(c) whetherr the amount sanctioned is sufficient for completing those projects;

(d) whether according to the study conducted by Government, the main areas of concern in the rural water supply sector was coverage of habitations including schools in the rural areas and ensuring sustainability of systems and sourrces; and

(e) if so, what are the steps suggested by them in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ANNASAHEB M.K. PATIL): (a) to (c) Yes Sir, Rs. 700 Crore have been approved for three programmes viz. (i) Installation of 1 -lakh-hand pumps, (ii) revival of 1 -lakh traditional sources of water and (iii) providing drinking water facility in 1-lakh rural primary schools. The total cost for implementation of these programme is Rs. 800 Crores. Rs. 80 Crores (10%) will be the community participation and Rs. 20 crores will be utilised from the existing provisions.

(d) and (e) Coverage of habitations and ensuring sustainability of systems and sources are the main areas of concern in the Rural Water Supply Sector. Experience has shown that supply driven non-participatory approach has led to the failure of some water supply systems and sources. It was felt that participatory demand driven approach will ensure sustainbility. With this aim reforms were initiated in 1999 in 67 sector Reform Pilot Project. The reform initiatives have now been scaled up to cover the entire country by launching the swajaldhara programme on 25th December, 2002.

Review of T.S.C

2499. SHRI RAMACHANDRA KHUNTIA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have sent review Mission to various Total Sanitation Campaign (TSC) project in the country to assess the extent of implementation; and

(b) If so, the outcome of the same alongwith achievements made by TSC projects in Orissa?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ANNASAHEB M.K. PATIL): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

Review Mission had been visiting States to assesss the implementation status of the Total Sanitation Campaign (TSC) projects. They have also been able to assess the process involved in implementation and the physical and financial progress of the TSC projects. The achievements made by TSC projects in Orissa are given in the enclosed statement.

Statement

Projects Sanctioned in Orissa under Total Sanitation Campaign (TSC)

S., State/District	Sanction Month/ year	IHHLs	Project achievement (in Nos.) School Toilets	RSM/ PCs	Total San. of Villages	Total Expenditure (Rs. in lakh)
1 2	3	4(a)	4(b)	4(c)	4(d)	5
1. Sundergarh	3/00	5400	500	6	0	211.10
2. Ganjam	3/00	12986	399	10	60	224.39
3. Balasore	3/00	38392	1312	10	0	557.55
4. Bhadrak	6/01	6106	703	10	0	178.76
5. Khordha	6/01	168	138	10	0	39.13
6. Jajpur	4/02	0	21	0	0	1.95
7. Nayagarh	4/02	0	10	0	0	3.32
8. Cuttack	4/02	17	0	0	0	0.47
9. Kendrapara	2/03	0	0	0	0	0.00
10. Jagatsinghpu	2/03	0	0	0	0	0.00
11. Puri	2/03	0	0	0	0	0.00
12. Raygada	2/03	0	0	0	0	0.00
13. Bolangir	2/03	0	0	0	0	0.00
14. Koraput	2/03	0	0	0	0	0.00
15. Kandhamal	3/03	0	0	0	0	0.00
TOTAL		63069	3083	46	60	1216.67

IHHLs Individual House Hold Latrines
RSMs Rural Sanitary Marts
PCs Production Centres